SAFETY DATA SHEET

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2020/878)

Limpia motos

Version 1 **Date of compilation: 5/11/2017**
Version 4 (replaces version 3) **Revision date: 18/05/2024** **Print date: 18/05/2024**

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING.

1.1 Product identifier.

Product Name: Limpia motos
Product Code: N001
UFI: 6200-U0CW-500A-QEA1

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against.

Bike cleaner.

Uses advised against:
Uses other than those recommended.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet.

Company: **JOSE LASTRA CISNEROS**
Address: C/ DEL POZO, 8
City: 49002 - ZAMORA
Province: ZAMORA
Telephone: +34 980 532985
E-mail: navali@navali.es

1.4 Emergency telephone number: +34 980 532985 (Only available during office hours; Monday-Friday; 08:00-18:00)
general EU emergency numbers (112 / 116117)
ESPAÑA :Servicio de Información Toxicológica (Instituto Nacional de Toxicología y Ciencias Forenses) Teléfono: +34 91 5620420. Información en español (24h/365 días). Únicamente con la finalidad de proporcionar respuesta sanitaria en caso de urgencia.
FRANCE : ORFILA (INRS) : + 33 (0)1 45 42 59 59. 24 heures sur 24 et 7 jours sur 7.
CAV Policlinico "Umberto I"Roma V.le del Policlinico, 155 161T.:06-49978000 .Az. Osp. "Careggi" U.O. Tossicologia Medica Firenze Largo Brambilla, 3 50134 055-7947819.Osp. Niguarda Ca' Granda Milano Piazza Ospedale Maggiore,3 20162 02-66101029. Az. Osp. "A. Cardarelli" Napoli Via A. Cardarelli, 9 80131 081-5453333
PORTUGAL: Em caso de intoxicação contactar o Centro de Informação Antivenenos (CIAV) (+351) 800 250 250. Atendimento médico 24 horas por dia, 7 dias por semana.

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION.

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture.

In accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:
Aquatic Chronic 2 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Eye Irrit. 2 : Causes serious eye irritation.
Flam. Liq. 3 : Flammable liquid and vapour.
STOT SE 3 : May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT SE 3 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin Irrit. 2 : Causes skin irritation.

2.2 Label elements.

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:
Pictograms:



Signal Word:
Warning

Hazard statements:
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P103	Read carefully and follow all instructions.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/…
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use... to extinguish.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national/international regulation.

Contains:
Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha,Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy,[A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C6 through C13 and boiling in the range of approximately 65°C to 230°C (149°F to 446°F).]

2.3 Other hazards.
The mixture does not contain substances classified as PBT.
The mixture does not contain substances classified as vPvB.
The mixture does not contain any endocrine disrupting properties substances.

In normal use conditions and in its original form, the product itself does not involve any other risk for health and the environment.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS.

3.1 Substances.
Not applicable.

3.2 Mixtures.
Substances posing a danger to health or the environment in accordance with the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, assigned a Community exposure limit in the workplace, and classified as PBT/vPvB or included in the Candidate List:

Identifiers	Name	Concentrate	(*)Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
			Classification	Specifics concentration limits and Acute toxicity estimate
Index No: 649-327-00-6 CAS No: 64742-48-9 EC No: 265-150-3 Registration No: 01-2119486659-16-XXXX	Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha,Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy,[A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C6 through C13 and boiling in the range of approximately 65°C to 230°C (149°F to 446°F).] (contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene)	>= 75%	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 - Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H335 - STOT SE 3, H336 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315	-
CAS No: 160901-19-9 EC No: 500-457-0 Registration No: 01-2119490233-42-xxxx	ALCOHOL,C12-13 ramificado y lineal,etoxilado(>=2.5 EO)	>= 2,5% < 10%	Acute Tox. 4, H302 - Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 - Eye Dam. 1, H318	Eye Irrit. 2, H319: 1 % ≤ C Eye Dam. 1, H318: C > 10 %

(*)*The complete text of the H phrases is given in section 16 of this Safety Data Sheet.*

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES.

IRRITANT MIXTURE. Its repeated or prolonged contact with the skin or mucous membranes can cause irritant symptoms such as reddening of the skin, blisters, or dermatitis. Some of the symptoms may not be immediate. They can cause allergic reactions on the skin.

4.1 Description of first aid measures.
In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious.

Inhalation.
Take the victim into open air; keep them warm and calm. If breathing is irregular or stops, perform artificial respiration. Do not administer anything orally. If unconscious, place them in a suitable position and seek medical assistance.

Eye contact.
Remove contact lenses, if present and if it is easy to do. Wash eyes with plenty of clean and cool water for at least 10 minutes while pulling eyelids up, and seek medical assistance. Dont let the person to rub the affected eye.

Skin contact.
Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin vigorously with water and soap or a suitable skin cleaner. NEVER use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion.
If accidentally ingested, seek immediate medical attention. Keep calm. NEVER induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.
Irritant Product, repeated or prolonged contact with skin or mucous membranes can cause redness, blisters or dermatitis, inhalation of spray mist or particles in suspension may cause irritation of the respiratory tract, some symptoms may not be immediate.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.
In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious. Cover the affected area with a dry sterile bandage. Protect the affected area from pressure or friction.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES.

Flammable product, the necessary prevention measures should be taken in order to avoid risks, In case of fire, the following measures are recommended:

5.1 Extinguishing media.
Suitable extinguishing media:
Extinguisher powder or CO2. In case of more serious fires, also alcohol-resistant foam and water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
Do not use a direct stream of water to extinguish. In the presence of electrical voltage, you cannot use water or foam as extinguishing media.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.
Special risks.
Exposure to combustion or decomposition products can be harmful to your health.

During a fire and depending on its magnitude the following may occur:
- Flammable vapors or gases.

5.3 Advice for firefighters.
Use water to cool tanks, cisterns, or containers close to the heat source or fire. Take wind direction into account. Prevent the products used to fight the fire from going into drains, sewers, or waterways. Product residues and extinguishing media may contaminate the aquatic environment. Follow the instructions given in the emergency or fire evacuation plan or plans if available.

Fire protection equipment.
According to the size of the fire, it may be necessary to use protective suits against the heat, individual breathing equipment, gloves, protective goggles or facemasks, and boots. During extinction and depending on the magnitude and proximity to the fire, additional protective equipment such as chemical protection gloves, heat-reflecting suits or gas-tight suits may be required.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES.

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.
Eliminate possible ignition points and ventilate the area. No smoking. Avoid breathing fumes. For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions.
Product dangerous for the environment, in case of large spills or if the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the responsible authorities according to local legislation. Prevent the contamination of drains, surface or subterranean waters, and the ground.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.
Contain and collect spillage with inert absorbent material (earth, sand, vermiculite, Kieselguhr...) and clean the area immediately with a suitable decontaminant.
Deposit waste in closed and suitable containers for disposal, in compliance with local and national regulations (see section 13).

6.4 Reference to other sections.
For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.
For later elimination of waste, follow the recommendations under section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling.
The fumes are heavier than air and can spread across the ground. They can form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive fume concentrations in the air; prevent fume concentrations above work exposure limits. The product must only be used in areas where all unprotected flames and other ignition points have been eliminated. Electrical equipment has to be protected according to applicable standards.
The product can be electrostatically charged: always use earth grounds when transferring the product. Operators must use anti-static footwear and clothing, and floors must be conductors.
Keep the container tightly closed and isolated from heat sources, sparks, and fire. Do not use tools that can cause sparks. For personal protection, see section 8.
In the application area, smoking, eating, and drinking must be prohibited.
Follow legislation on occupational health and safety.
Never use pressure to empty the containers. They are not pressure-resistant containers. Keep the product in containers made of a material identical to the original.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.
Store according to local legislation. Observe indications on the label. Store the containers between 5 and 25 º C, in a dry and well-ventilated place, far from sources of heat and direct solar light. Keep far away from ignition points. Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly acidic or alkaline materials. Do not smoke. Prevent the entry of non-authorised persons. Once the containers are open, they must be carefully closed and placed vertically to prevent spills.

The product is not affected by Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III).

7.3 Specific end use(s).
There are no specific recommendations for use of this product other than those already mentioned.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION.

8.1 Control parameters.
The product does NOT contain substances with Professional Exposure Environmental Limit Values.The product does NOT contain substances with Biological Limit Values.
Concentration levels DNEL/DMEL:

Name	DNEL/DMEL	Type	Value
Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha,Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy,[A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon	DNEL (Workers)	Dermal, , Systemic effects	300 (mg/Kg bw/day)
	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, , Systemic effects	1500 (mg/m3)

numbers predominantly in the range of C6 through C13 and boiling in the range of approximately 65°C to 230°C (149°F to 446°F).]	DNEL (Consumers)	Dermal, , Systemic effects	300 (mg/Kg bw/day)
CAS No: 64742-48-9 EC No: 265-150-3	DNEL (Consumers)	Inhalation, , Systemic effects	900 (mg/m3)

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated.
DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.

8.2 Exposure controls.

Measures of a technical nature:
Provide adequate ventilation, which can be achieved by using good local exhaust-ventilation and a good general exhaust system.

Concentration:	**100 %**
Uses:	**Bike cleaner.**
Breathing protection:	
PPE:	Filter mask for protection against gases and particles.
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category III. The mask must have a wide field of vision and an anatomically designed form in order to be sealed and watertight.
CEN standards:	EN 136, EN 140, EN 405
Maintenance:	Should not be stored in places exposed to high temperatures and damp environments before use. Special attention should be paid to the state of the inhalation and exhalation valves in the face adaptor.
Observations:	Read carefully the manufacturer's instructions regarding the equipment's use and maintenance. Attach the necessary filters to the equipment according to the specific nature of the risk (Particles and aerosols: P1-P2-P3, Gases and vapours: A-B-E-K-AX), changing them as advised by the manufacturer.
Filter Type needed:	A2
Hand protection:	
PPE:	Work gloves.
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category I.
CEN standards:	EN 374-1, En 374-2, EN 374-3, EN 420
Maintenance:	Keep in a dry place, away from any sources of heat, and avoid exposure to sunlight as much as possible. Do not make any changes to the gloves that may alter their resistance, or apply paints, solvents or adhesives.
Observations:	Gloves should be of the appropriate size and fit the user's hand well, not being too loose or too tight. Always use with clean, dry hands.

Material:	PVC (polyvinyl chloride)	Breakthrough time (min.):	> 480	Material thickness (mm):	0,35

Eye protection:	
PPE:	Face shield.
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Face and eye protector against splashing liquid.
CEN standards:	EN 165, EN 166, EN 167, EN 168
Maintenance:	Visibility through lenses should be ideal. Therefore, these parts should be cleaned daily. Protectors should be disinfected periodically following the manufacturer's instructions. Make sure that mobile parts move smoothly.
Observations:	Face shields should offer a field of vision with a dimension in the central line of, at least, 150 mm vertically once attached to the frame.
Skin protection:	
PPE:	Anti-static protective clothing.
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Protective clothing should not be too tight or loose in order not to obstruct the user's movements.
CEN standards:	EN 340, EN 1149-1, EN 1149-2, EN 1149-3, EN 1149-5
Maintenance:	In order to guarantee uniform protection, follow the washing and maintenance instructions provided by the manufacturer.
Observations:	The protective clothing should offer a level of comfort in line with the level of protection provided in terms of the hazard against which it protects, bearing in mind environmental conditions, the user's level of activity and the expected time of use.
PPE:	Anti-static safety footwear.
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II.
CEN standards:	EN ISO 13287, EN ISO 20344, EN ISO 20346
Maintenance:	The footwear should be checked regularly

Observations:	The level of comfort during use and acceptability are factors that are assessed very differently depending on the user. Therefore, it is advisable to try on different footwear models and, if possible, different widths.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties.
Physical state: Liquid
Colour: Colourless
Odour: Characteristic
Odour threshold: Not available
Melting point: Not available
Freezing point: Not available
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range: 183 ºC (Estimation based on the indication of the Regulation (CE) Nº1272/2008.)
Flammability: Not available
Lower explosion limit: Not available
Upper explosion limit: Not available
Flash point: 38 ºC
Auto-ignition temperature: 260ºC
Decomposition temperature: Not available
pH: Not available (Substance/mixture is apolar/aprotic).
Kinematic viscosity: Not available
Solubility: Not available
Hydrosolubility: Not available
Liposolubility: Not available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): Not available
Vapour pressure: Not available
Absolute density: 775 kg/m3
Relative density: 0.78
Relative vapour density: Not available
Particle characteristics: Not applicable

9.2 Other information
Information with regard to physical hazard classes
Flammable liquids:
Sustained combustibility: Yes.

Other safety characteristics
Viscosity: Not available
Dropping point: Not available
Blink: Not available
% Solids: Not available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY.

10.1 Reactivity.
The product does not present hazards by their reactivity.

10.2 Chemical stability.
Stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions.
Flammable liquid and vapour.

10.4 Conditions to avoid.
Avoid any improper handling.

10.5 Incompatible materials.
Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly alkaline or acidic materials in order to prevent exothermic reactions.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products.
No decomposition if used for the intended uses.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

IRRITANT MIXTURE. Splashes in the eyes can cause irritation.

IRRITANT MIXTURE. The inhalation of spray mist or suspended particulates can irritate the respiratory tract. It can also cause serious respiratory difficulties, central nervous system disorders, and in extreme cases, unconsciousness.

IRRITANT MIXTURE. Its repeated or prolonged contact with the skin or mucous membranes can cause irritant symptoms such as reddening of the skin, blisters, or dermatitis. Some of the symptoms may not be immediate. They can cause allergic reactions on the skin.

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) Nº 1272/2008.
Repeated or prolonged contact with the product can cause the elimination of oil from the skin, giving rise to non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption of the product through the skin.

Toxicological information about the substances present in the composition.

Name	Acute toxicity			
	Type	Test	Kind	Value
Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha,Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy,[A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C6 through C13 and boiling in the range of approximately 65°C to 230°C (149°F to 446°F).] CAS No: 64742-48-9 EC No: 265-150-3	Oral	LD50	Rat	>10000 mg/kg [1] [1] Minimally Toxic.Based on test data for the material.
	Dermal	LD50		>3160 mg/kg [1] [1] Minimally Toxic
	Inhalation	LC50	Rat	>4951 mg/m3 (4H)
ALCOHOL,C12-13 ramificado y lineal,etoxilado(>=2.5 EO) CAS No: 160901-19-9 EC No: 500-457-0	Oral	DL50	Rat	>300-2000 mg/Kg [1] [1] Nocivo en caso de ingestión
	Dermal	DL50	Rat	>2000 mg/L
	Inhalation			

a) acute toxicity;
Not conclusive data for classification.

Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE):
Mixtures:
ATE (Oral) = 16.722 mg/kg

b) skin corrosion/irritation;
Product classified:
Skin irritant, Category 2: Causes skin irritation.

c) serious eye damage/irritation;
Product classified:
Eye irritation, Category 2: Causes serious eye irritation.

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation;
Not conclusive data for classification.

e) germ cell mutagenicity;
Not conclusive data for classification.

f) carcinogenicity;
Not conclusive data for classification.

g) reproductive toxicity;
Not conclusive data for classification.

h) STOT-single exposure;
Product classified:
Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3: May cause respiratory irritation.

i) STOT-repeated exposure;
Not conclusive data for classification.

j) aspiration hazard;
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11.2 Information on other hazards.
Endocrine disrupting properties
This product does not contain components with endocrine-disrupting properties with effects on human health.

Other information
There is no information available on other adverse health effects.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

12.1 Toxicity.

Name	Ecotoxicity			
	Type	Test	Kind	Value
Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha,Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy,[A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C6 through C13 and boiling in the range of approximately 65°C to 230°C (149°F to 446°F).] CAS No: 64742-48-9 EC No: 265-150-3	Fish			
	Aquatic invertebrates			
	Aquatic plants	EL50	P.subcapitata	>1000 mg/L (72H) [1] [1] Toxicidad extrema
ALCOHOL,C12-13 ramificado y lineal,etoxilado(>=2.5 EO) CAS No: 160901-19-9 EC No: 500-457-0	Fish	CL50 EC10	Cyprinus carpio Pimephales promelas	1 - 10 mg/L (96H) [1] 0.21 mg/L [2] [1] Resultados del proveedor/Valores bibliograficos. [2] Valor bibliográfico
	Aquatic invertebrates	CE50 EC10	Daphnia magna Dapnia magna	>1-10 mg/L (48H) [1] 0.36 mg/L [2] [1] Ensayo estático.OECD TG 202 [2] OECD TG 211.Valor de la bibliografía
	Aquatic plants	CE50	Desmodesmus subspicatus	>1-10 mg/L (72H) [1] [1] Ensayo estático. OECD TG 201

12.2 Persistence and degradability.

Information about biodegradability:

Name	Biodegradability				
	Conditions	Initial conc.	% degradation	Parameter	Period
ALCOHOL,C12-13 ramificado y lineal,etoxilado(>=2.5 EO) CAS No: 160901-19-9 EC No: 500-457-0	Aerobic OETC TG 301 A(nueva versión)		70		28 d
	Aerobic		60		28 d

	OETD TG 301B

No information is available on the degradability of the substances present.
No information is available about persistence and degradability of the product.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential.
No information is available regarding the bioaccumulation of the substances present.

12.4 Mobility in soil.
No information is available about the mobility in soil.
The product must not be allowed to go into sewers or waterways.
Prevent penetration into the ground.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.
No information is available about the results of PBT and vPvB assessment of the product.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties.
This product doesn't contain components with environmental endocrine disrupting properties.

12.7 Other adverse effects.
The product is not affected by the Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.
No information is available about other adverse effects for the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS.

13.1 Waste treatment methods.
Do not dump into sewers or waterways. Waste and empty containers must be handled and eliminated according to current, local/national legislation.
Follow the provisions of Directive 2008/98/EC regarding waste management.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION.

Transport following ADR rules for road transport, RID rules for railway, ADN for inner waterways, IMDG for sea, and ICAO/IATA for air transport.

Land: Transport by road: ADR, Transport by rail: RID.
Transport documentation: Consignment note and written instructions

Sea: Transport by ship: IMDG.
Transport documentation: Bill of lading

Air: Transport by plane: ICAO/IATA.
Transport document: Airway bill.

14.1 UN number or ID number.
UN No: UN3295

14.2 UN proper shipping name.
Description:
ADR/RID: UN 3295, HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS LOW BOILING POINT HYDROGEN TREATED NAPHTHA, NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY), 3, PG III, (D/E)
IMDG: UN 3295, HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS LOW BOILING POINT HYDROGEN TREATED NAPHTHA,NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY), 3, PG III (38ºC), MARINE POLLUTANT
ICAO/IATA: UN 3295, HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS LOW BOILING POINT HYDROGEN TREATED NAPHTHA,NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY), 3, PG III

14.3 Transport hazard class(es).
Class(es): 3

14.4 Packing group.
Packing group: III

14.5 Environmental hazards.
Marine pollutant: Yes



Dangerous for the environment
Transport by ship, FEm – Emergency sheets (F – Fire, S - Spills): F-E,S-D

14.6 Special precautions for user.
Labels: 3



Hazard number: 30
Provisions concerning carriage in bulk ADR: Not authorized carriage in bulk in accordance with ADR.
Proceed in accordance with point 6.
ADR LQ: 5 L
IMDG LQ: 5 L
ICAO LQ: 10 L

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments.
The product is not transported in bulk.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION.

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

Volatile organic compound (VOC)
VOC content (p/p): 95 %
VOC content: 741 g/l

The product is not affected by Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products.
The product is not affected by the procedure established Regulation (EU) No 649/2012, concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals.
Restrictions on the manufacturing, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles:

Designation of the substance, of the group of substances or of the mixture	**Conditions of restriction**
3. Liquid substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: (a) hazard classes 2.1 to 2.4, 2.6 and 2.7, 2.8 types A and B, 2.9, 2.10, 2.12, 2.13 categories 1 and 2, 2.14 categories 1 and 2, 2.15 types A to F; (b) hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10; (c) hazard class 4.1; (d) hazard class 5.1.	1. Shall not be used in: - ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays, - tricks and jokes, - games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects, 2. Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market. 3. Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or perfume, or both, if they: - can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and, - present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with H304, 4. Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation

	(CEN). 5. Without prejudice to the implementation of other Community provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following requirements are met: (a) lamp oils, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: 'Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children'; and, by 1 December 2010, 'Just a sip of lamp oil - or even sucking the wick of lamps - may lead to life-threatening lung damage'; (b) grill lighter fluids, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: 'Just a sip of grill lighter may lead to life threatening lung damage'; (c) lamp oils and grill lighters, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in black opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010. .

Kind of pollutant to water (Germany): WGK 2: Hazardous to water. (Autoclassified according to the AwSV Regulations)

15.2 Chemical safety assessment.
No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION.

Complete text of the H phrases that appear in section 3:

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Classification codes:
Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2 : Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3 : Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1 : Aspiration toxicity, Category 1
Eye Dam. 1 : Serious eye damage, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2 : Eye irritation, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3 : Flammable liquid, Category 3
STOT SE 3 : Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2 : Skin irritant, Category 2

Changes regarding to the previous version:
- Changes in the information of the supplier (SECTION 1.3).
- Change in the emergency number (SECTION 1.4).

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards	On basis of test data
Health hazards	Calculation method
Environmental hazards	Calculation method

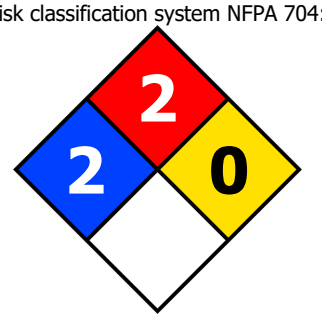
It is advisable to carry out basic training with regard to health and safety at work in order to handle this product correctly.

Information on the TSCA Inventory (Toxic Substances Control Act) USA:

CAS No	Name	State
64742-48-9	Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha,Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy.	Registered

160901-19-9	ALCOHOL,C12-13 ramificado y lineal,etoxilado(>=2.5 EO)	

Risk classification system NFPA 704:



Health hazard: 2 (Hazardous)

Flammability: 2 (Below 200°F)

Reactivity: 0 (Stable)

Abbreviations and acronyms used:
ADR: Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
AwSV: Facility Regulations for handling substances that are hazardous for the water.
CEN: European Committee for Standardization.
DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated.
EC50: Half maximal effective concentration.
PPE: Personal protection equipment.
IATA: International Air Transport Association.
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%.
LD50: Lethal dose, 50%.
RID: Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
WGK: Water hazard classes.

Key literature references and sources for data:
http://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html
http://echa.europa.eu/
Regulation (EU) 2020/878.
Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.
Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

The information given in this Safety Data Sheet has been drafted in accordance with COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemical substances and mixtures (REACH).

The information in this Safety Data Sheet on the Preparation is based on current knowledge and on current EC and national laws, as far as the working conditions of the users is beyond our knowledge and control. The product must not be used for purposes other than those that are specified without first having written instructions on how to handle. It is always the responsibility of the user to take the appropriate measures in order to comply with the requirements established by current legislation. The information contained in this Safety Sheet only states a description of the safety requirements for the preparation, and it must not be considered as a guarantee of its properties.